

ABSTRACT

Taman Balai Kota is not just a place to play and relax, but it can be a place to get education. Taman Balai Kota has many shady trees that make the garden feel a little more calm even in the hot sun. But the number of shady trees leaves leaves that fall into rubbish heaps. In addition to leaf waste, the large number of visitors at Taman Balai Kota also affects the variety of types of waste produced. The purpose of this design is to make it easier for City Hall janitors to treat dry leaves. The research method used in the design of dry leaf waste management is qualitative and quantitative research methods. Using data collection techniques in the form of observation, interviews, questionnaires and documentation. This study produced a product of public facilities, namely a garbage bin consisting of 4 chambers according to the type of waste such as canned garbage, plastic waste, paper waste and leaf waste. In the leaves of the trash, this trash can has a leaf shredder inside. The selection of materials that are in accordance with the weather conditions in Taman Balai Kota is applied to this trash can which affects the durability, strength, and quality of this product.

Keyword : Park, Garbage, Design , Material