**ABSTRACT** 

Visual identification is the most applied methods in security systems.

Another commonly used biometric is Face recognition or facial recognition.

Attendance system with face, recognize the perpetrators of crime with CCTV are

some applications of face recognition, efficiency and accuracy to be the main facial

recognition factors are widely applied.

Processing of facial image sample in this research will be implemented in 3

dimension, to get Template Matching used face recognition with Iterative Closest

Point (ICP) method and Support Vector Machine (SVM) classification. Iterative

Closest Point (ICP) in general, is for add dimension to information by minimizing

Mean Square Error (MSE) between points in one view and the closest point. While

SVM is a method to classify objects by determining the classes that is displayed

from extraction process.

The final result of this project is a program that can help introduce 3D face

patterns. Based on this research, the calculation of the Confusion Matrix was

obtained, in taking 48 image frames, 49 iterations, partition 12, and using SVM

OAA. Then, this known system works with Precision 97,30%, Recall 100,00%,

Accuracy 97,56%.

**Keywords**: 3D Face, Biometric, ICP, SVM.

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