**ABSTRACT** 

Optical Wireless Communication (OWC) system is an alternative

application of indoor and outdoor technology that is appropriate. Free Space

Optics (FSO) technology is one of the developments in fiber optic communication

technology, in practice it can be combined with Orthogonal Frequency Division

Multiplexing (OFDM) technology, which has the advantage of faster sending data

speeds with large bandwidth capacities.

This final project simulates and analyzes the performance of FSO with

OFDM technique in Kim and Kruse channel using Quardature Phase Shift Keying

(QPSK) modulation on the effect of wavelength variations and transmitted power

on the visibility of performance system in atmospheric visibility conditions and

transmission distance from transmitter to receiver with reference to Bit Error Rate

 $(BER) < 10^{-4}$ .

The simulation and analysis results show that increasing the wavelength

from 850 nm to 1550 nm can increase the visibility of performance system on Kim

model by 0,02 km and Kruse by 0,1 km. In transmit power increase of 2 watts can

increasing performance system at atmospheric visibility condition by 0,02 km. The

increasing in wavelength can increase the transmission distance of Kim model on

clear air by 0,43 km, light fog by 0,53 km, dense fog by 0,02 km and Kruse clear

air by 0,38 km, light fog by 0,47 km, but in conditions of dense fog doesn't reach

BER standards, only wavelength 1550 nm does reach BER standards. The

increasing of Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) value can increase the number of

subcarriers so that system performance increases and reduces the bit error that the

BER value is getting lower.

Keywords: FSO, OFDM, OPSK, BER, Kim, Kruse, FFT

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