**ABSTRACT** 

Natural disasters are things that cannot be avoided by humans. Natural

disasters can cause losses in the form of property and loss of life. One of the

natural disasters that often occur in Indonesia is the tsunami. The biggest tsunami

disaster that ever occurred in Indonesia was in 2004 with a wave height of 30m

and killed 227,000 people. One way that can be used to reduce the impact caused

by the tsunami disaster is by providing information and warning to the community

in tsunami-prone areas, specifically on the coast and areas around the sea.

The system that will be designed is a wave monitoring system that can

detect potential tsunamis by providing information in the form of water level and

sea wave height. The system uses the BNO055 sensor module as its main

component to detect the movement of ocean waves. This sensor consists of an

accelerometer, gyroscope, and magnetometer to detect changes in acceleration,

angular position, and magnetic field, and also integrates these three data to

produce wave height measurements.

This study succeeded in communicating the BNO055 sensor with the

Raspberry Pi 3 Model B+. The research begins with calibration and processing of

raw data from sensors. The data that has been processed into water level and

wave height data can be monitored through the Antares. After doing the test, the

percentage of accuracy values obtained is 94.96% for position measurement on

the X axis, 94.37% on the Y axis, 91.91% on the Z axis, and 97.31% on the wave

height parameter.

**Keyword:** Tsunami, BNO055, Sea Level Monitoring

V