ABSTRACT

Vehicle to Vehicle (V2V) Communication is a communication system betwe-

en vehicles that can send information from transmitter vehicle to receiver vehicle.

Information transmitted can be in the form of vehicle speed, position, and lights.

In this research, simulation of V2V Communication based on Visible Light Com-

munication (VLC) was carried out and given the addition of optical concentrator in

photodetector. The simulation is assumed at night condition without any obstacles

and each vehicle in this simulation has the same speed. The type of modulation used

in this simulation is On Off Keying Non Return to Zero (OOK-NRZ) modulation.

This study applies two scenarios. Scenario I, simulation is carried out to deter-

mine the effective distance parameter between vehicles so it can communicate well

without any interferences. In Scenario II, simulation is assumed that there is light

interference from another vehicle. Then compare the system performance betwe-

en there is no interference condition and when there is interference condition. In

this study, Bit Error Rate (BER) value of 10^{-3} , Signal to Noise Ration (SNR), and

Signal to Interference and Noise Ratio (SINR) was used as a reference.

The simulation and analysis results in this final project show that light inter-

ference from another vehicle can affect system performance. When there is light

interference, the system performance will get worse. The maximum distance the

vehicle can communicate well has been reduced from 15,5 meters to 12,5 meters.

Apart from distance, the SNR value is also reduced. In conditions without interfe-

rence, the SNR is 18,2 dB. Meanwhile, in the presence of interference, SINR of 9,1

dB is obtained.

Keywords: VLC, V2V Communication, OOK-NRZ, SNR, SINR, BER

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