

ABSTRACT

Adolescents aged 18-21 years or called late adolescents are the age which a child is considered an adult, capable determine behavior and great responsibilities. However, it is different from late adolescents in families who used a strict parenting pattern, specifically parenting style with strict rules and tend to limit their child's movements too much. Often their children tend not to have desire to do self-disclosure to their parents. This study focuses on late adolescent self-disclosure in family communication in Bandung, qualitative descriptive research methods. Data collection techniques in this study were interviews, observations, and documentation to seven informants, namely four main informants, one key informant, and two supporting informants. The results of this study indicate that strict parenting style actually makes late adolescents less self-disclosure to them. It can be seen from the infrequent communication of late adolescents with their parents, the topics raised are only talks about education or work, there is no desire to discuss topics in depth or detail accurately, and late adolescents feel more comfortable to do self-disclosure with peers or other family members compared to their parents. Through this research, it is hoped that it can be useful for self-disclosure of late adolescents in families who used strict parenting patterns.

Keywords: late adolescents, self-disclosure, strict parents