ABSTARCT

The company performs good financial performance in order to achieve the company's goals to be achieved by maximizing profits. This goal can be achieved by increasing the profitability of a company. The company's profitability will reflect the company's financial condition. A high level of profitability will illustrate that the company can work effectively and efficiently in carrying out its operations. Profitability is also influenced by the results of the products produced; companies that produce basic needs tend to have more stable profits than those that produce capital goods.

This study aims to determine the effect of public share ownership, company size, financial leverage on profitability in food and beverage sub-sector companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange in 2018-2020. This study used a sampling technique that is purposive sampling and obtained 15 companies with an observation period of 3 (three) years so that 45 samples were obtained in this study. However, there are 6 outlier data from 3 periods during 2018-2020, so there are 39 samples. The method of analysis in this study is multiple linear regression using SPSS 25 software.

The results of this study indicate that public share ownership, company size, financial leverage simultaneously affect the profitability of the food and beverage sub-sector companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange in 2018-2020. Partially, company size has a positive effect on profitability, while public share ownership, financial leverage has no effect on profitability in food and beverage sub-sector companies in 2018-2020.

Suggestions for companies to pay more attention to the balance between capital and external capital to be used, every company needs to pay attention to the use of assets and debts owned during the company's operational activities in order to obtain the desired profit for the sustainability of its business.

Keywords: Public Share Ownership, Company Size, Financial Leverage, Profitability