ABSTRACT

Arrhythmia is an early symptom of chronic heart disease, where the rhythm

of the heartbeat becomes too fast, too slow, or even irregular. Early symptoms of

heart disease or arrhythmias are rarely detected early. The solution to detect the

presence of arrhythmias is to design a device that can detect abnormalities in the

rhythm of the heartbeat in real time.

This final project discusses the design of arrhythmia detection system with

Beat signal detection method. The system calculates the interval between beats to

determine the type of arrhythmia. The data taken are primary data from 3

respondents who have PVC arrhythmias, tachyabardia, and respondents who do

not have arrhythmias. The testing of system performance is carried out using the

confussiuon matrix to find Accuracy, Recall, and Specificity.

This system can detect arrhythmia in user and display the result after detecting

heart rate for 1 minute. From the test results to respondents who have PVC this system has

an average accuracy of 99.7%, 96.19% recall, and 99.3299% specificity. In testing on

respondents who do not have arrhythmia, the system has an average accuracy of 99.97%.

In testing on respondents who have tachycardia, the system has an accuracy of 100% in

detecting tachycardia.

Keywords: Arrhythmia, PVC, Tachycardia, Beat, confusion matrix, Beat Per Minute.

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