ABSTRACT

The village of Mekarwangi, situated in the hills of West Bandung Regency, West

Java, Indonesia, faces limitations in technology network access due to its remote location

from the city center. Therefore, a design and implementation of Fiber To The Home

(FTTH) using a Mini Optical Line Terminal (OLT) was carried out in Mekarwangi village.

This research utilized software such as AutoCAD, Google Earth, and OptiSystem to

overcome the challenges in the village's network infrastructure. AutoCAD was employed

for planning and designing the fiber optic-based network. Google Earth was used for

mapping the locations to be connected to the network. Meanwhile, the OptiSystem

application was utilized to optimize and simulate the performance of the fiber optic

network.

The results of the power link budget analysis indicated that the attenuation values on the

downstream link were -22.878 dB, and on the upstream link were 2.164 dB, both of which

did not exceed -25 dB. In the Rise Time Budget analysis, the Rise Time values on the

downstream link were 0.292 ns, and on the upstream link were 0.583 ns, conforming to the

established standards. This demonstrates the transmission system's ability to maintain

signal quality. The results of the Bit Error Rate (BER) design were 2.44443 x 10⁻³ for the

downstream link and 1.03447 x 10⁻¹⁵⁹ for the upstream link, both of which did not exceed

10⁻⁹. With these results, it is concluded that the design and implementation are suitable for

implementation.

Keywords: FTTH, Mini OLT, Power Link Budget, Rise Time Budget, Bit Error Rate

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