ABSTRACT

The MD Tofu Factory, located in Cikalong, West Bandung Regency. produces

yellow tofu which is very popular. However, there are still defects in yellow tofu

that cause the product not to reach consumers. Based on risk analysis using the

University of New South Wales HS329 Risk Management Procedure reference,

there is a very high risk (R-04) related to damage to the milling machine. This

damage causes a buildup at the workstation during the soybean soaking process,

which should take 4 hours, but can take up to 8 hours if the machine is damaged.

As a result, too much water is absorbed into the soybeans, so that the final product

becomes easily crushed and thin. This risk is unacceptable and requires appropriate

management.

The final result of this final task is the design of a maintenance process using the

Business Process Reengineering (BPR) method, which is supported by process

standardization using a Standard Operating Procedure (SOP), additional output in

the form of designing an operating time form for scheduling, and other supporting

forms for documentation. The design results are expected to minimize the risk of

defects by up to 50% and are able to reduce loss costs from the previous IDR

3,202,000 to IDR 1,601,000 within a period of 20 days, because the machine will

be maintained to ensure the machine runs well without disrupting the production

process and maintaining quality in particular the dimensions and texture of the final

product are maintained.

Keywords: Risk, Defect, Maintenance, Business Process Reengineering.

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